

by Provinces and Territories, Census of 1931.

Ontario.	Manitoba.	Saskat- chewan.	Alberta.	British Columbia.	Yukon.	Northwest Territories.	Canada.	No.
No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	
2,539,771	368,010	437,836	369,238	489,923	1,741	623	5,381,071	1
1,319,612	172,992	205,519	188,456	272,501	825	296	2,741,419	2
647,831	77,559	104,096	79,978	71,612	298	98	1,230,808	3
549,648	112,326	121,485	110,720	135,038	576	215	1,346,350	4
22,680	5,133	6,736	10,084	10,772	42	14	62,494	5
837,469	313,309	463,302	320,648	127,246	798	369	4,753,242	6
299,732	47,039	50,700	38,377	15,028	250	215	2,927,990	7
9,607	8,858	17,061	6,737	3,891	14	2	48,639	8
7,310	6,323	4,458	2,726	1,597	16	3	27,585	9
2,415	36	126	146	76	2	-	3,160	10
8,871	2,396	5,056	6,404	2,756	9	4	30,401	11
4,718	3,235	6,630	11,403	3,945	34	19	34,118	12
60,241	24,957	24,695	13,665	6,234	26	6	148,962	13
27,137	1,013	2,313	3,318	6,858	34	4	43,885	14
174,006	38,078	129,232	74,450	16,986	98	39	473,544	15
4,195	295	534	601	977	3	-	9,444	16
62,383	19,341	5,116	3,722	2,743	4	2	156,726	17
13,786	1,955	13,363	5,502	1,313	8	-	40,582	18
326	13,450	3,841	870	858	-	1	19,382	19
50,536	2,379	1,040	4,766	12,254	22	1	98,173	20
1,521	370	529	678	245	1	1	5,876	21
5,172	5,263	39,755	27,360	12,943	108	19	93,243	22
42,384	40,243	25,961	21,157	4,599	12	4	145,503	23
8,267	2,087	9,530	4,712	1,162	-	-	29,056	24
10,050	11,573	35,421	16,381	10,398	14	14	88,148	25
10,544	9,449	22,458	19,828	16,108	112	28	81,306	26
24,426	73,606	63,400	55,872	2,583	2	1	225,113	27
8,100	291	1,686	1,335	2,911	20	5	16,174	28
1,742	1,072	397	638	781	9	1	6,232	29
12,297	2,255	4,419	4,229	50,951	64	11	84,548	30
6,919	1,732	3,501	3,875	27,139	1	-	46,519	31
220	51	114	652	22,205	52	1	23,342	32
5,158	472	804	402	1,607	1	10	14,687	33
-	62	-	3	-	85	4,670	5,979	34
30,368	15,417	15,268	15,249	24,599	1,543	4,046	122,911	35
6,886	465	410	924	533	8	-	19,456	36
287	43	27	45	96	-	4	681	37
4,605	578	523	569	915	1	-	8,898	38
3,431,683	700,139	921,785	731,605	694,263	4,230	9,723	10,376,786	

slight falling off to 15.76 p.c. in 1931. The Baptists have shown a fairly steady decline from 6.87 p.c. in 1871 to 4.27 p.c. in 1931.

The immigration from non-English-speaking countries during the first three decades of the twentieth century has led to a great growth of the religious bodies whose members come from the continent of Europe. Thus the Lutherans, who were only 1.09 p.c. of the population in 1871 and 1.72 p.c. in 1901, have risen to 3.80 p.c. in 1931. The Jews, again, who were only 0.03 p.c. in 1871 and 0.31 p.c. in 1901, were 1.50 p.c. in 1931. The adherents of the Greek Orthodox Church, who in earlier years were not distinguished from Greek Catholics (the two together being only 0.29 p.c. in 1901) were 0.99 p.c. in 1931.

Of the total population in 1931 (10,376,786), 16,042 or 0.15 p.c. did not state their religion while 54,164 or 0.52 p.c., persons belonging to small sects, were classed as "various" and 21,071 or 0.20 p.c. as of "no religion". Of the non-Christian sects, 155,614 or 1.50 p.c. were Jews, 24,087 or 0.23 p.c. were Confucians, 15,784 or 0.15 p.c. were Buddhists and 5,008 or 0.05 p.c. were pagans. The figures in the following tables are revised and final. In Table 22 the totals for each religion are brought together for all censuses since Confederation; Table 23 gives the same information as Table 22 in the form of percentages to total populations for the census years; Table 24 gives the 1931 census figures of the numbers of persons accredited to each of 31 specified religions, by provinces.